

## Algorithmic Game Theory

Winter Term 2021/22

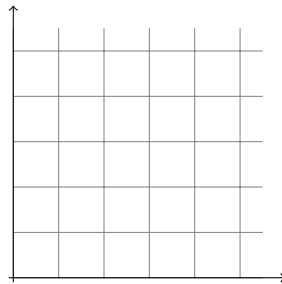
Tutorial Session - Week 10

### Exercise 1:

Consider three unit-demand buyers and two items  $a, b$  with

$$v_{1,a} = 5, v_{1,b} = 3, v_{2,a} = 3, v_{2,b} = 4, v_{3,a} = 2, v_{3,b} = 2 .$$

- (a) Determine the Walrasian price vector which is determined by the VCG mechanism.
- (b) Now find *all* Walrasian price vectors  $q$ . Draw these vectors in a coordinate system with axes  $q_a$  and  $q_b$ .  
As a remark, note that the prices defined by the VCG mechanism are the smallest Walrasian prices: We can use the prices from (a) as a lower bound for all Walrasian prices.



### Exercise 2:

Have a look at the single-minded combinatorial auction with three bidders (red, blue, green) and items  $a, b, c$  which is depicted below. State all values of  $x \in \mathbb{R}_{\geq 0}$  such that there exists a Walrasian equilibrium and prove your claim.

